Corosolic acid increases the therapeutic effect of cisplatin on gastric cancer by regulating Gpx4-dependent ferroptosis

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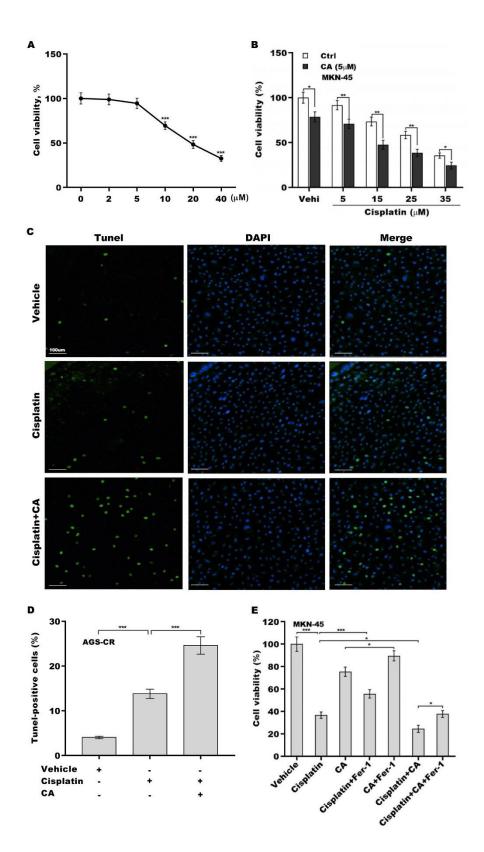
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Supplementary Figure 1. (A) Normal gastric epithelial cells were treated with different concentrations of CA $(0, 2, 5, 10, 20, \text{ and } 40 \, \mu\text{m})$ for 24 h and cell viability was measured using CCK-8 (n = 3). Statistical significance was assessed using one-way ANOVA followed by Dunnett's post-hoc test. (B) MKN-45 cells were

treated with CA (5 µm) and cisplatin (0, 5, 15, 25, and 35 µm) for 24 h, and cell viability was assessed using the CCK-8 assay (n=3). Statistical significance was assessed using multiple t-tests. (C) AGS-CR cells were treated with cisplatin (35 µm) alone or in combination with CA (5µm) for 24 h, and cell viability was assessed using the CCK-8 assay. AGS-CR cells were treated with 5 µm of CA and 35 µm of cisplatin for 24 h, after which TUNEL (D) and quantitative analysis (E) were carried out. Statistical significance was assessed using one-way ANOVA followed by Tukey's post-hoc test (n=3). *P < 0.05, **P < 0.01, ***P < 0.001.

Supplementary Table 1. Primer sequence used in the study

| Gene | Sense, 5'-3' | Anti-sense, 5'-3' |
|---------|-------------------------|--------------------------|
| Gpx4 | GAACTTCACCAAGTTCCTCATCG | TGGGGCAGGTCCTTCTCTATC |
| Ptgs2 | GACTCCCTTGGGTGTCAAAGG | AAAACTGATGCGTGAAGTGCTG |
| Acsl4 | GGATTGGATATTCTTCTCCGCTT | ATTCATCTCTTGGACTTTGCTCAT |
| Fth1 | ACTGACAAAAATGACCCCCAT | CAAAGAGATATTCCGCCAAGC |
| Nox1 | GTCACCCCTTTGCTTCTATCT | TTTGCCTAATTCCTCCATCTCC |
| Slc7a11 | CCATGAACGGTGGTGTTTTG | TAGAGGAGTGTGCTTGCGGAC |
| β-actin | CCGTTGCCCTGAGGCTCTTTT | TGCGGATGTCCACGTCACACT |